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МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ И ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ
ГРОЗНИНСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ НЕФТЯНОЙ ТЕХНИЧЕСКИЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ
имени академика М.Д. Миллионщикова

«УТВЕРЖДАЮ»
Первый проректор
И.Г. Гайрабеков
« » 20 __ г.

РАБОЧАЯ ПРОГРАММА
дисциплины

«ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК»

Специальность
21.05.03 Технология геологической разведки

Специализация
«Геофизические методы исследования скважин»

Квалификация
Горный инженер-геофизик

1. Цели и задачи дисциплины

Основная цель курса - комплексное овладение студентами лингвистическими и лингвострановедческими знаниями, как общего характера, так и профессионально-ориентированными, а также закрепление и совершенствование основных навыков и умений речевой деятельности в повседневно-обиходной, профессиональной, общественно-политической, социально-культурной и других сферах общения.

Программа направлена на формирование коммуникативной компетенции и профессиональной познавательной активности студентов. Под коммуникативной компетенцией понимается умение соотносить языковые средства с конкретными сферами, ситуациями, условиями и задачами общения. Соответственно, языковой материал рассматривается как средство реализации речевого общения, при его отборе осуществляется функционально-коммуникативный подход.

Наряду с практической целью – обучением общению, курс иностранного языка в неязыковом вузе ставит **образовательные и воспитательные цели:**

- расширение кругозора студентов, повышение уровня их общей культуры, а также культуры мышления, общения и речи;
- развитие профессиональной компетенции студентов, самостоятельности в творческом и научном поиске и в работе с информационными ресурсами для расширения знаний в рамках будущей профессии;
- формирование у студентов ответственности, дисциплинированности, трудолюбия, уважения к духовным ценностям других стран и народов.

Задачи дисциплины:

- расширение и активизация знаний студентов по грамматике иностранного языка;
- расширение и активизация лексического запаса студентов за счет бытовой, профессионально-ориентированной и общественно-политической лексики;

- формирование, закрепление и совершенствование знаний, умений и навыков во всех видах речевой деятельности: аудирование, чтение, говорение и письмо;

- развитие общей эрудиции и профессиональной компетенции студентов, самостоятельности в творческом, научном поиске и в работе с информационными ресурсами для извлечения профессиональной информации с целью расширения знаний в рамках будущей профессии.

2. Место дисциплины в структуре образовательной программы

Учебная дисциплина «Иностранный язык» относится к обязательным дисциплинам и включена в состав базовой части цикла общих гуманитарных и социально-экономических дисциплин программы подготовки бакалавров.

3. Требования к уровню освоения содержания дисциплины

Выпускник, освоивший программу специалитета, должен обладать следующими общекультурными и общепрофессиональными компетенциями:

- способностью к коммуникации в устной и письменной формах на русском и иностранном языках для решения задач межличностного и межкультурного взаимодействия (ОК-6);

- способностью к самоорганизации и самообразованию (ОК-7).

В результате изучения дисциплины студент должен:

Знать:

- особенности системы изучаемого иностранного языка в его фонетическом, лексическом и грамматическом аспектах (в сопоставлении с родным языком);

- социокультурные нормы бытового и делового общения, а также правила речевого этикета, позволяющие специалисту эффективно использовать иностранный язык как средство общения в современном поликультурном мире;

- историю и культуру стран изучаемого языка.

Уметь:

- вести общение социокультурного и профессионального характера в объеме, предусмотренном настоящей программой;

- читать и переводить литературу по специальности (изучающее, ознакомительное, просмотровое и поисковое чтение);

- письменно выражать свои коммуникативные намерения в сферах, предусмотренных настоящей программой;

- составлять письменные документы, используя реквизиты делового письма,

заполнять бланки на участие и т.п.;

- понимать аутентичную иноязычную речь на слух в объеме программной тематики.

Владеть:

- всеми видами речевой деятельности в социокультурном и профессиональном общении на иностранном языке.

4. Объем дисциплины и виды учебной работы

Вид учебной работы	Всего часов/ зач. ед.		Семестры						
			1		2		3		
	ОФО	ЗФО	ОФО	ЗФО	ОФО	ЗФО	ОФО	ЗФО	
Контактная работа (всего)	100/2,7	24/0,6	34/0,94	8/0,2	34/0,94	8/0,2	32/0,88	8/0,2	
В том числе:									
Лекции									
Практические занятия	100/2,7	24/0,6	34/0,94	8/0,2	34/0,94	8/0,2	32/0,88	8/0,2	
Семинары									
Лабораторные работы									
Самостоятельная работа (всего)	116/3,2	192/5,4	42/1,16	64/1,8	38/1,05	64/1,8	36/1	64/1,8	
В том числе:									
Курсовая работа (проект)									
Расчетно-графические работы									
ИТР									
Рефераты									
Доклады	18/0,5	9/0,3	6/0,16	3/0,1	2/0,05	3/0,1	3/0,1	3/0,1	
Презентации									
<i>И (или) другие виды самостоятельной работы:</i>									
Подготовка к лабораторным работам									
Подготовка к практическим занятиям	86/2,25	149/4,1	30/0,8	54/1,5	33/0,85	54/1,5	23/0,6	41/1,1	
Подготовка к зачету	6/0,16	14/0,4	4/0,15	7/0,2	3/0,1	7/0,2			
Подготовка к экзамену	6/0,16	20/0,6					10/0,3	20/0,6	
Вид отчетности			зач	зач	зач	зач	экз	экз	
Общая трудоемкость дисциплины	ВСЕГО в часах	216	216	76	72	72	72	68	72
	ВСЕГО в зач. единицах	6	6	2,2	2	2	2	1,8	2

5. Содержание дисциплины

5.1. Разделы дисциплины и виды занятий

№ п/п	Наименование раздела дисциплины по семестрам	Часы лекционных занятий	Часы лабораторных занятий	Часы практических (семинарских) занятий	Всего часов
1 семестр					
1.	Фонетика			4	4
2.	Грамматика			14	14
3.	Лексика			10	10
4.	Чтение			2	2
5.	Устная речь			4	4
2 семестр					
6.	Грамматика			12	12
7.	Лексика			8	8
8.	Чтение			6	6
9.	Устная речь			8	8
3 семестр					
10.	Грамматика			8	8
11.	Лексика			8	8
12.	Чтение			8	8
13.	Устная речь			6	6

5.2. Практические (семинарские) занятия

№ п/п	Наименование раздела дисциплины	Содержание раздела
1 курс, 1 семестр		
1.	Фонетика	Vowels, Consonants, Stress, Intonation
2.	Грамматика	Тема 1. Questions Тема 2. Present Simple, Present Continuous, have/have got Тема 3. Past Simple, Past Continuous, Irregular verbs, Word formation Тема 4. Articles, Countable and Uncountable nouns, Expressions of quantity Тема 5. Verb patterns 1 want/hope to do, enjoy/like doing....., Future forms Тема 6. What's it like? Comparative and superlative adjectives - relative clauses - Synonyms and antonyms - Prepositions
		Jobs Shapes, colors and patterns

3.	Лексика	The place where you live Financial Centers A sightseeing holiday in the city Transport On the road Global problems Numbers Prefixes
4.	Чтение	1. People, the great communicators – the many ways we communicate 2. Living in the USA 3. The best shopping street in the world
5.	Устная речь	Тема 1. Getting to know you Тема 2. The way we live Тема 3. It all went wrong. Тема 4. Let's go shopping Тема 5. What do you want to do?
2 семестр		
6.	Грамматика	Тема 7. Present Perfect, Past Perfect – for, since – Adverbs – Tense revision Тема 8. Modals – have (got) to – should – must – Words that go together (Verb + complement, Compound nouns) Тема 9. Time and conditional clauses Тема 10. Verb patterns 2 – manage to, used to Infinitives – -ed/-ing adjectives Тема 11. Passives – verbs and nouns that go together Тема 12. Reported statements
7.	Лексика	Describing a person City life Leadership and management styles Prepositions: place Adverbs: frequency and degree
8.	Чтение	1. A tale of two millionaires 2. The world's first megalopolis 3. Don't look down 4. Three plants that changed the world 5. A funny way to earn a living
9.	Устная речь	Тема 6. Tell me! What's it like? Тема 8. Going places Тема 9. Scared to death Тема 10. Things that changed the world Тема 11. Earning a living

2 курс, 3 семестр		
10.	Лексика	Earth sciences Minerals and rocks Gravity Seismology Mineral exploration Problems and solutions
11.	Чтение, речь	Устная
		1. What is geophysics? 2. What does a geophysicist do? 3. Gravity, the figure of the Earth and geodynamics 4. Seismology and the internal structure of the Earth 5. Earth's age, thermal and electrical properties 6. Geomagnetism and paleomagnetism 7. The human impact on the environment
12.	Грамматика	Тема 12. Second conditional - Phrasal verbs

6. Организация самостоятельной работы студентов (СРС)

Самостоятельная работа способствует закреплению умений и навыков, полученных в ходе аудиторных занятий, а также развивает навыки самостоятельного творческого мышления. Она включает в себя:

- подготовку к учебным занятиям;
- подготовку докладов, сообщений на страноведческие темы.

6.1. Темы для самостоятельной работы

1 семестр

1. History of the UK
2. England
3. Wales
4. Scotland
5. Northern Ireland
6. Great Plague of London

7. English national character
8. Traditional food in Britain

2 семестр

1. British monarchs
2. Royal Family
3. Private education in Britain
4. London/Sights of London/The West End/The East End
5. Oxford and Cambridge
6. Difference between British and American English

3 семестр

1. British political system
2. Great Britain – Russia relations
3. Rural Britain
4. Women in England
5. Winston Churchill
6. Margaret Thatcher

6.2. Учебно-методическое обеспечение для самостоятельной работы

1. www.en.wikipedia.org
2. www.bbc.com
3. www.uk.ru/history
4. www.britannica.com

7. Оценочные средства

7.1. Текущий контроль

Текущий контроль представляет собой регулярно осуществляемую проверку усвоения учебного материала с требованием постоянного мониторинга качества обучения, а также необходимость балльной оценки успеваемости студента и может включать: выполнение различных заданий на практических занятиях, написание словарных диктантов; участие в коллоквиумах по отдельным темам и т.д.

7.2. Рубежный контроль – оценивание результатов освоения студентом модуля. Каждый модуль завершается письменной формой контроля усвоения учебного материала.

7.2.1. Задания к аттестации

1 семестр

1 рубежная аттестация

Темы: Questions, Present Simple, Present Continuous, have/have got
Past Simple, Past Continuous, Irregular verbs, Word formation, Articles,
Countable and Uncountable nouns, Expressions of quantity

Articles

1. Find one mistake in each sentence

1. He is a postman, so he has breakfast at 4 a.m.
2. The love is more important than money.
3. I come to the school by bus.
4. I am reading one good book at the moment.
5. I don't eat the bread because I don't like it.

2. Complete the sentences with a/an, the or nothing.

1. I have two children, ___ boy and ___ girl. ___ boy is twenty-two and ___ girl is nineteen.
2. Mike is ___ soldier in ___ Army and Chloe is at ___ university.

3. What ___ lovely day! Why don't we go for ___ picnic in ___ park.
4. 'What did you have for ___ lunch?' /Just ___ sandwich.'
5. Where are my shoes? – On _____ floor in _____ kitchen.

3. Complete the sentences with the correct tense of the verb: *Present Simple* or *Present Continuous*.

1. We _____ (read) the newspaper in class every day.
2. He always _____ (prepare) his homework carefully.
3. Please, be quiet! The baby _____ (sleep).
4. We always _____ (play) tennis on Saturdays.
5. She _____ (speak) several foreign languages.
6. The bus _____ (stop) for us now.
7. The children _____ (play) in the park every afternoon.
8. Helen _____ (work) very hard.
9. Listen! Someone _____ (knock) at the door.

4. Write *Yes/No* questions for these sentences.

1. You like music. Do you like music?
2. She comes from France. _____
3. They live in a flat. _____
4. You take sugar in tea. _____
5. I speak English well. _____
6. She watched a film last night. _____
7. It started at 8.00. _____

5. Complete the sentences with the correct tense of the verb: *Past Simple* or *Past Continuous*.

1. Ann and I _____ (talk) over the telephone yesterday.
2. When I got up this morning, the sun _____ (shine) brightly
3. They _____ (live) in France for many years.

4. The lecture _____ (last) about two hours.
5. I _____ (wait) almost two hours for Helen yesterday
6. Mary _____ (play) the piano when I arrived.
7. At seven o'clock, when you telephoned, I _____ (read) the newspaper.

2 рубежная аттестация

Темы: Verb patterns I want/hope to do, enjoy/like doing...., Future forms, What's it like?; Comparative and superlative adjectives – relative clauses – Synonyms and antonyms – Prepositions

Verb patterns

1. In these sentences, one or two verbs are correct, but not all three. Tick the correct verbs.

1. I _____ to live in a hot country.
a. want b. enjoy c. would like
2. We _____ going to Italy for our holidays.
a. are hoping b. are thinking c. like
3. I _____ go home early tonight.
a. want b. like c. can
4. I _____ to see you again soon.
a. hope b. would like c. am looking forward
5. Do you _____ learning English?
a. want b. enjoy c. like

2. Complete the sentences with the correct tense of the verb in brackets: *the infinitive or the -ing form.*

1. I enjoy _____ (swim) in the sea very much.
2. John managed _____ (tidy) his room before his mother came home.
3. There were no taxis so he decided _____ (walk) home.
4. I would like _____ (go) to India.

5. My parents let me _____ (open) my birthday present early.

Will/going to

3. Choose the correct verb form.

1. 'My bag is so heavy'. 'Give it to me. I *will carry/I am going to* carry it for you.'
2. 'What are doing tonight?' 'We *will see/ we are going to* see a play at the theatre.'
3. You can tell me your secret. I *won't tell/I am not going to* tell anyone.
4. Congratulations! I hear you *will get married/ you are going to* get married.
5. 'I need to post these letters. 'I *will go/I am going* shopping soon. I *will post/I am going to* post them for you.'

4. Complete each sentence with the correct form of the adjective.

1. Jeremy is 10 years old. Jenny is 8 years old. Jeremy is (old) _____ Jenny.
2. The Alps are very high. They are (high) _____ mountains in Europe.
3. An ocean is (large) _____ a sea.
4. A Rolls Royce costs a lot of money. A Twingo costs less. A Rolls Royce is (expensive) _____ a Twingo.
5. People are not very friendly in big cities. They are usually (friendly) _____ in small towns.

5. Complete the phrases with a preposition from the box.

In	at	by	for
on			

1. _____ TV
2. Go abroad _____ business
3. busy _____ the moment
7. Be _____ holiday
8. Arrive _____ time
9. Go _____ a walk

4. Instructions _____ English 10. Speak ___ the phone
5. Go _____ bus 11. Arrive ___ England
6. Be _____ work 12. Arrive _____ the station

2 семестр

1 рубежная аттестация

ТЕМЫ: Present Perfect, Past Perfect – for, since – Adverbs – Tense revision;
Modals – have (got) to – should – must – Words that go together (Verb + complement, Compound nouns); Time and conditional clauses

1. Underline the correct *modal verb* and translate the sentences into Russian.

1. She *can't/should* speak Italian very well.
2. You *should/shouldn't* eat unhealthy food.
3. *Could/must* I ask you?
4. Students *must/mustn't* study hard.
5. You *can/should* stop driving so fast.

2. Put a preposition into each gap.

1. I always laugh _____ his jokes.
2. The doctor operated _____ the patient.
3. He suffers _____ bad headaches.
4. 'Will we go for a picnic tomorrow?' 'It depends _____ the weather'.
5. I am really bored _____ job.

3. Complete the sentences with the correct verb form: *Present Perfect* or *Past Simple*.

1. *Have you ever seen/did you ever see* a rock concert?
2. I *saw/have seen* the Rolling Stones last year.
3. The Stones' concert *has been/was* excellent.
4. I *know him/have known him* since we were at school together.

5. We *have been/are* together for over ten years, and we *have got/got married* eight years ago.

4. Use *Past Perfect*.

1. When I arrived at the cinema, the film _____ (start).
2. She _____ (live) in China before she went to Thailand.
3. After they _____ (eat) the shellfish, they began to feel sick.
4. The garden was dead because it _____ (be) dry all summer.
5. The children _____ (not/do) their homework, so they were in trouble.

Time and conditional clauses

5. Complete the sentences with **will + the correct form of the verb in brackets, or the Present Simple**.

1. If you _____ (eat) another cake, you _____ (be) sick.
2. You _____ (fail) your exam if you _____ (not/study) hard.
3. What _____ you _____ (do) if you _____ (fail)?
4. We _____ (stay) in the classroom until the teacher _____ (tell) us to leave.
5. When she _____ (read) my letter, she _____ (understand) my problem.

6. Match a line A with a line B.

- | | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| 1. If I pass my driving test, | a. will you pay for the meal? |
| 2. You'll learn English more easily if | b. we find somewhere to live. |
| 3. Will you give her these when | c. you study a little every day. |
| 4. If they don't give him the job, | d. you don't water them. |
| 5. I'll marry you as soon as | e. we'll send them to you. |
| 6. Your plants won't grow well if | f. I'll buy a car. |
| 7. As soon as we get the tickets, | g. I don't know what he'll do. |
| 8. If I buy the champagne, | h. you see her? |

2 рубежная аттестация

Темы: Verb patterns 2 – manage to, used to Infinitives – -ed/-ing adjectives;

Passives – verbs and nouns that go together; Reported statements

Used to (do)

1. Complete the sentences with *used to* + a suitable verb.

1. Diana doesn't travel much now. She _____ a lot, but she prefers to stay at home these days.
2. Liz _____ a motorbike, but last year she sold it and bought a car.
3. We came to live in London a few years ago. We _____ in Leeds.
4. I rarely eat ice-cream now, but I _____ it when I was a child.
5. Jim _____ my best friend, but we aren't good friends any longer.

Infinitives

2. Underline the correct verb form.

1. I was lost. I didn't know where go/to go/going.
2. I walked into the town centre for find /to find/for to find a taxi.
3. I went to the shops for to buy/for buy/to buy some shoes.
4. I tried explain/to explain why I was late, but she didn't listen.

3. Make sentences with a line A, a word in B, and an infinitive in C.

A	B	C
1. My CD player's broken. Can you show me	anything	to say to you
2. Don't talk to me. I have	how	to talk to
3. Do I turn left or right? I don't know	nothing	to repair it
4. I'm bored. I haven't got	where	to go
5. I feel lonely. I need	somebody	to do

Passives

4. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tense. They are all *in the passive*.

1. The Volkswagen Beetle _____ (design) by Ferdinand Porsche.
2. He _____ (ask) to design it by the German Government.

3. VWs _____ (take) to America by American soldiers who were returning home after the war.

4. The first VW _____ (make) in 1938.

5. Report the sentences.

1. 'The rent is \$50 a week.' The landlady said that the rent was \$50 a week.

2. 'It's a quiet flat and the neighbors are nice.'

Mrs Mawby said _____

3. 'The rent includes gas and electricity.'

She told me that _____

4. 'I need \$100 deposit. '

Then she said _____

5. 'I decorated the living room recently.'

She told me that _____

6. 'You'll have to make up your mind soon.'

She told me _____

7. 'I'll give you a ring soon. I said.'

I told Mrs Mawby that _____

3 семестр

1 рубежная аттестация

Темы: Second conditional - Phrasal verbs

Текст: чтение, письменный перевод

Second Conditional

1. Put the verbs in the correct form, Past Simple or *would*.

1. If I _____ (be) rich, I _____ (travel) around the world.

2. I don't like Hollywood. I _____ (not live) there if I _____ (be) a film star.

3. I _____ (go) to work if I _____ (not feel) so ill, but I feel awful.

4. What _____ you do if your baby _____ (fall) into the water?
5. If I _____ (have) more free time, I _____ (not waste) it.
I _____ (learn) another language.

2. Finish these sentences in a suitable way.

1. If I won \$10,000, _____
2. If I spoke perfect English, _____
3. If I were on holiday, _____

3. Put one of the following words into each gap.

up	down	on	off	away	round
back	out				

1. _____
2. I don't feel well. I'm going to lie _____ for a minute.
3. I fell _____ the stairs and broke my leg.
4. The children stood _____ when the teacher arrived.
5. Don't throw _____ that bottle. We can use it again.
6. I would take _____ my jacket if I felt hot.
7. I must remember to take book _____ to the library.
8. I'm going to take the dog _____ for a walk.
9. I heard someone running behind me. I turned _____ and saw a girl in a track suit.

4. Translate the text.

**PLATE TECTONICS MAY BE RESPONSIBLE
FOR EVOLUTION OF LIFE ON EARTH, SAY SCIENTISTS**

Billions of years ago, the breakup of our planet's outer shell made the Earth stable and habitable.

But the shifting of continents is still a mysterious process, says Natalie Angier

The theory of plate tectonics is one of the great scientific advances of our age, right up there with Darwin's theory of evolution and Einstein's theory of relativity.

The idea that Earth's outer shell is broken up into giant puzzle pieces, or plates, all gliding atop a kind of conveyor belt of hot, weak rock – here rising up from the underlying mantle, there plunging back into it – explains much about the structure and behaviour of our home planet: the mountains and ocean canyons, the earthquakes and volcanoes, the very composition of the air we breathe.

Yet success is no guarantee against a midlife crisis, and so it is that half a century after the basic mechanisms of plate tectonics were first elucidated, geologists are confronting surprising gaps in their understanding of a concept that is truly the bedrock of their profession.

They are sparring over when, exactly, the whole movable plate system began. Is it nearly as ancient as the planet itself – that is, roughly 4.5 billion years old – or a youthful 1 billion years, or somewhere in between?

They are asking what caused the shell to crack apart in the first place, and how the industrious recycling of Earth's crust began.

They are comparing Earth with its sister planet, Venus. The two worlds are roughly the same size and built of similar rocky material, yet Earth has plate tectonics and Venus does not. Scientists want to know why.

2 рубежная аттестация

Темы: Revision test

Articles

1. Complete the sentences with *a(an)*, *the* or *nothing*.

1. James always has _____ lunch at 1 o' clock.
2. My sister is _____ doctor in India.
3. We go to _____ bed late at weekends.
4. My boss is _____ happiest person in our office.

5. My brother was so ill he was in ____ hospital for two weeks.
6. What ____ horrible day.

2. Complete the sentences with the correct tense of the verbs. Use short forms where possible.

1. My sister _____ (*play*) the guitar in a rock band.
2. *She* _____ (*start*) playing when she was eight years old.
3. Last night they _____ (*play*) in Paris for the first time.
4. The band _____ (*go*) on tour every year.
5. Last year they _____ (*go*) to the United States for six months.

3. Complete the sentences with the correct verb form.

1. How long _____ (*live*) in this city?
2. When _____ (*buy*) your new car?
3. It is wonderful news that he _____ (*pass*) his exams.
4. I _____ (*start*) my new job two month ago.
5. We _____ (*know*) each other for over ten years.

Modals

4. Match the sentences.

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 1. My brother has hurt his back. | A. He should go to the doctor. |
| 2. You must try that new restaurant in the town.
table. | B. But you have to book a |
| 3. Julia has to get up at 5 a.m. tomorrow. | C. We must hurry. |
| 4. I think you should have a haircut.
classes. | D. You should take English |
| 5. The meeting starts in five minute. | E. Yes, I must get an appointment. |
| 6. I have to speak English in my job. | F. She should go to bed early. |

5. Complete the conversations with the correct form of *will* or *going to*.

1. It's hot in here.' 'OK, I _____ open the window.
2. 'Have you decided what you're doing at Christmas?' 'Yes, we _____ stay with my parents.'
3. 'Why are you driving so fast?' 'Because we _____ be late.'
4. 'We're going to Paris for Sylvia's birthday. But it's a secret.' 'Is it? OK, I _____ tell her.'
5. 'Oh, no. I haven't got any money! I'll have to go to the bank.' 'I _____ lend you some.'

Active/Passive

6. Put these words in the correct order.

1. is France. in Champagne made
2. in They Japan. play baseball
3. drunk lot Britain. of tea A is in
4. They in Austria. German speak
5. a The day. dogs are twice fed
6. and sold Fruit vegetables are shop. at the corner

Conditionals 1, 2

7. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs.

1. If I _____ (have) a car, I _____ (drive) to work. (C2)
2. If you _____ (smoke), you _____ (be) healthier. (C2)
3. If he _____ (bully) you, you _____ (tell) a teacher. (C1)
4. If I _____ (be) you I _____ (go) to see him now. (C2)
5. You _____ (go) to the party if you _____ (buy) a ticket today. (C1)

Reported Statements

8. Rewrite the direct speech as *reported speech* to complete the sentences.

e.g.: I often play tennis. – She said she often *played* tennis.

1. 'She is staying with her aunt.' He said that she _____ with her aunt.

4. 'I'll go with Anna.' He said that he _____ with Anna.
5. 'I'll send you a postcard.' He told us that he _____ us a postcard.
6. 'We've bought a new car.' They told me they _____ a new car.
7. 'I don't speak German.' She said that she _____ German.
8. 'You look nice.' He told me that I _____ nice.

7.3. Вопросы к зачету

1 семестр

1. Грамматика

1. Types of questions
2. Comparative and superlative adjectives
3. Prepositions
4. Linking words
5. Relative clauses *who, that, which, where*
6. Indefinite Tenses
7. Continuous Tenses
8. Verb patterns (1) - want/hope to do, enjoy/like doing...
9. Future intentions – *will/going to*

2. УСТНЫЕ ТЕМЫ

1. Describing yourself
2. Describing a place
3. Living in another country
4. The ways of communications, the role of communication in people's life
5. Is money enough to be happy?

2 семестр

1. Грамматика

1. Perfect Tenses
2. Passives
3. Infinitives

4. Verb patterns 2 – manage to, used to
 5. Time and conditional clauses *as, when, until, if, before, after*
 6. Modals (*can, may, should, must, need to*)
 7. Reported statements
2. УСТНЫЕ ТЕМЫ
1. What is a good job?
 2. Multicultural London
 3. Things that changed the world
 4. People who changed the world
 5. Networking

7.4. Вопросы к экзамену

3 семестр

1. Грамматика
 1. Comparative and superlative adjectives
 2. Modals (*can, may, should, must, need to*)
 3. Types of questions
 4. Prepositions
 5. Linking words
 6. Time and conditional clauses *as soon as, when, until, if, before, after*
 7. Relative clauses *who, that, which, where*
 8. Indefinite Tenses
 9. Continuous Tenses
 10. Perfect Tenses
 11. Passives
 12. Infinitives
 13. Verb patterns 1 want/hope to do, enjoy/like doing...
 14. Verb patterns 2 – manage to, used to
 15. Future intentions – *will/going to*
 16. Reported statements

2. Устные темы

1. Why study Earth?
2. Advantages and disadvantages of geophysical methods
3. Climate change
4. Environmental problems
5. Famous geophysicists

Экзаменационный билет (образец)

**ГРОЗНЕНСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ НЕФТЯНОЙ ТЕХНИЧЕСКИЙ
УНИВЕРСИТЕТ имени академика М.Д. Миллионщикова**

**Институт цифровой экономики и технологического
предпринимательства
Межфакультетская языковая кафедра**

БИЛЕТ №8

1. Текст: прочитать, перевести со словарем
2. Условные предложения II типа
3. Why study Earth?

Зав. кафедрой _____ /Т.Б. Хабусиева/

8. Учебно-методическое и информационное обеспечение

дисциплины

Основная литература

Учебники, учебные пособия:

1. John and Liz Soars, New Headway, Pre-Intermediate, Student's Book/Workbook, Oxford University Press, 2012
2. Raymond Murphy, English Grammar in Use Third edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012
3. Raymond Murphy, Essential Grammar in Use Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2012
4. Stuart Redman, English Vocabulary in Use, Pre-Intermediate and Intermediate, Cambridge University Press, 2012

Дополнительная литература

Учебники, учебные пособия:

1. Агабекян И.П., Коваленко П.И. Английский для технических вузов. Ростов-на-Дону: Феникс, 2016
2. К.Н. Качалова, Е.Е. Израилевич. Практическая грамматика английского языка с упражнениями и ключами. Москва: ЮН ВЕСТ, 1998
3. Lewis Lansford, D'Arcy Vallance, Oxford English for Careers. Oil&Gas, Student's Book, Oxford University Press

Словари, справочники:

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2. <https://en.oxforddictionaries.com/>

Интернет ресурсы:

1. www.lbooks.ru
2. www.macmillanenglish.com
3. www.uk.ru/history

5. http://www.bbc.com/news/video_and_audio/

9. Материально-техническое обеспечение дисциплины

- лингафонный кабинет «Living English»;
- читальный зал и абонемент библиотеки ГГНТУ;
- компьютеры для самостоятельной работы студентов (доступ к сети Интернет);
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